**CHY4U Unit 1, Activity 3**

**Sort the following Japanese events into causes and consequences**

1. A number of Spanish priests were executed in 1597
2. Buddhists were unhappy with Christianity’s emphasis on practicing one religion exclusively
3. Foreign Christians arrived in Japan at a time of civil war
4. In 1637 the Shimabara Rebellion in southern Japan, the most Christian area, involved an uprising against an unfair daimyo
5. In 1587 foreign missionaries were ordered to leave Japan (however, the law did not have its intended effect and many more people were converted)
6. In 1596 a Spanish ship, the San Felipe, washed up on Japan’s coast on its way to the New World carrying many Asian trade goods. The captain and crew were taken into Japanese custody.
7. Jesuits wanted to spread the new religion
8. San Felipe incident
9. Shogun Ieyasu forced every Japanese person to register at a Buddhist temple
10. The Protestant Reformation occurred in Europe
11. The Catholic Counter Reformation sent Jesuits to Japan to convert people
12. The captain was unhappy and seemed to suggest that Spain would soon colonize Japan as it had the New World and the more proximate Philippines
13. The shogun used the rebellion as an excuse to make a new edict to force all foreigners out of Japan (except the Dutch traders who were allowed to stay on an island in Nagasaki Bay)
14. They converted Daimyo who they hoped would in turn convert their followers (peasants)
15. This meant their guns were very popular with the Daimyo, many of whom in turn began to convert
16. This did not have the intended effect of forcing more conformity toward Buddhism and more conversions occurred
17. This sect was popular with Samurai who had the time to meditate
18. Zen Buddhism emphasized meditation

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| **Causes** | **Consequences** |
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**Japanese Causes and Consequences (Answers)**

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| **Causes** | **Consequences** |
| 1. The Protestant Reformation occurred in Europe | The Catholic Counter Reformation sent Jesuits to Japan to convert people |
| 1. Foreign Christians arrived in Japan at a time of civil war | This meant their guns were very popular with the Daimyo, many of whom in turn began to convert |
| 1. Zen Buddhism emphasized meditation | This sect was popular with Samurai who had the time to meditate |
| 1. Shogun Ieyasu forced every Japanese person to register at a Buddhist temple | This did not have the intended effect of forcing more conformity toward Buddhism and more conversions occurred |
| 1. Jesuits wanted to spread the new religion | They converted Daimyo who they hoped would in turn convert their followers (peasants) |
| 1. Buddhists were unhappy with Christianity’s emphasis on practicing one religion exclusively | In 1587 foreign missionaries were ordered to leave Japan (however, the law did not have its intended effect and many more people were converted) |
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| 1. San Felipe incident | A number of Spanish priests were executed in 1597 |
| 1. In 1637 the Shimabara Rebellion in southern Japan, the most Christian area, involved an uprising against an unfair daimyo | The shogun used the rebellion as an excuse to make a new edict to force all foreigners out of Japan (except the Dutch traders who were allowed to stay on an island in Nagasaki Bay) |